Chapter 3　いろいろな分詞構文② 分詞構文の否定・完了形

● 分詞構文の否定

▶ **分詞構文が否定の内容を表すとき，直前に not [never] をつける**

どうすべきかわからなかったので，私は途方に暮れていた。

Because I **didn't know** what to do, I was at a loss. （主節：I was at a loss）

× × **Not knowing** what to do, I was at a loss. （主節：I was at a loss）

● 分詞構文の完了形

▶ **分詞構文が主節より前の内容を表すとき，having + p.p. となる**

宿題を終えたあと，彼は泳ぎに行った。

After he **had finished** his homework, he went swimming. （主節：he went swimming）

× × **Having finished** his homework, he went swimming. （主節：he went swimming）

■確認問題

＊次の英文を，分詞構文を使って書き換えなさい。

1. 気分がすぐれなかったので，私はしばらく休憩した。

   Because I didn't feel well, I took a rest for a while.

   = ＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿ well, I took a rest for a while.

2. 宿題をやったあと，彼は買い物に出かけた。

   After he had done his homework, he went shopping.

   = ＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿ his homework, he went shopping.

3. すべてのお金を使ってしまっていたので，私はその本を買えなかった。

   I couldn't buy the book because I had spent all my money.

   = I couldn't buy the book, ＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿ all my money.

復習テスト　第14講　Chapter 3

＊次の英文を分詞構文に書き換えるとき，空所に入れるのにもっとも適切な語(句)をそれぞれ下の①～④から一つ選びなさい。

1. Because she didn’t know how to say *tanuki* in English, she asked her teacher.
   ⇒ (　　　) how to say *tanuki* in English, she asked her teacher.
   ① Knowing　② Knowing not　③ Not knowing　④ Not known

2. After I had finished reading a book, I went to sleep.
   ⇒ (　　　) reading a book, I went to sleep.
   ① Having been finished　② Having being finished
   ③ Having finishing　④ Having finished

3. He was not hungry because he had eaten a big meal.
   ⇒ He was not hungry, (　　　) a big meal.
   ① having eaten　② having eating　③ not eating　④ not eaten

ベーシックレベル英語　第14講　解答

Chapter 1　確認問題

1. **Turning** to the right, you'll see the station.
   右に曲がれば，駅が見えるでしょう。
2. She studied hard, **becoming** a lawyer.
   彼女は一生懸命勉強し，弁護士になった。
3. **Living** by the lake, I went swimming every day.
   湖畔に住んでいるので，私は毎日泳ぎに行った。
4. **Looking up**, I saw a bird flying over my head.
   見上げると，私は一羽の鳥が頭上を飛んでいるのを目にした。
5. I talked with my family, **watching** TV on the sofa.
   私はソファでTVを見ながら家族と話をした。

Chapter 2　確認問題

1. **Seen** from the sky, the island was very beautiful.
2. **It being** very cold, she had a cup of hot tea.
3. **Written** in English, the letter was difficult to read.

Chapter 3　確認問題

1. **Not feeling** well, I took a rest for a while.
2. **Having done** his homework, he went shopping.
3. I couldn't buy the book, **having spent** all my money.

Chapter 4　確認問題

1. **Compared with** Tom, Mike is a little more careful.
2. **All things considered**, he was a good person.
3. **Judging from** his appearance, he must be rich.
4. **Frankly speaking**, I cannot agree with you.

復習テスト（解答）　第 14 講　Chapter 3

1. ③

Because she didn’t know how to say *tanuki* in English, she asked her teacher.

⇒ (**Not knowing**) how to say *tanuki* in English, she asked her teacher.

英語で「タヌキ」を何と言うかわからなかったので，彼女は先生に聞いた。

> **解説：**
> 否定の内容を表す分詞構文を作るには，分詞の直前に not[never] をつける。
> 受動態の文ではないので，動詞は現在分詞 knowing にする。
> なお，タヌキは英語で racoon dog と言う。

2. ④

After I had finished reading a book, I went to sleep.

⇒ (**Having finished**) reading a book, I went to sleep.

本を読み終えたあと，私は眠りについた。

> **解説：**
> 元の文では「本を読み終えた」のが「私は眠りについた」よりも前の出来事であることを，
> 過去完了形を用いて明確にしている。分詞構文で主節よりも前の内容を表す場合は
> 〈having ＋ p.p.〉の形にするので，Having finished を入れる。

3. ①

He was not hungry because he had eaten a big meal.

⇒ He was not hungry, (**having eaten**) a big meal.

彼はたっぷり食事をしていたので，おなかが空いていなかった。

> **解説：**
> 元の文では「たっぷり食事をした」のが「おなかが空いていなかった」よりも
> 前の出来事であることを過去完了形で明確にしている。分詞構文で主節より前の内容を表す場合は
> 〈having ＋ p.p.〉の形にするので，Having eaten を入れる。